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MACAO BOAT EXPLODES MINE Narrow Escape On First Voyage

THE S.S. KWONG SAL, MAKING HER "MAIDEN VOYAGE" TO MACAO YESTERDAY, HAD AN EXCEEDINGLY NARROW ESCAPE FROM A MINE DISASTER. THE VESSEL ACTIVATED A MAGNETIC MINE, BUT IT DID NOT EXPLODE UNTIL THE "KWONG SAL" HAD PASSED ALMOST CLEAR.

IN THE RESULT, THE STERN OF THE KWONG SAL SUFFERED DAMAGE AND THERE WAS MOMENTARY PANIC ABOARD, BUT SHE WAS ABLE TO TURN ROUND AND COME BACK TO HONG KONG UNDER HER OWN STEAM.

ANOTHER BIT OF ANCIENT HISTORY

TOKYO, NOV. 26. THE NEWSPAPER "MAINICHI" QUOTING AUTHORITY SOURCES SAID TODAY THAT EMPEROR HIROHITO INTENDED TO SEND A REPLY TO PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT'S MESSAGE BUT THAT TIME HAD PREVENTED IT.

Roosevelt's personal message in the critical period preceding Pearl Harbor was delivered by Ambassador Joseph C. Grew to Shirogawa, then Foreign Minister, sometime around midnight of December 7, Tokyo time.

Around 2 a.m. the following morning Tokyo proceeded to the Imperial Palace to submit the message to the throne and the Emperor expressed his wish to reply to the message. The paper said it was ready after the time that the Japanese Supreme Command had decided on the surprise attack on Pearl Harbor.

Hirohito subsequently commanded that Grew be informed of the Emperor's intention to reply to the message and Tokyo notified Grew of this fact at 7.30 a.m. on December 8, adding that the Cabinet meeting which opened at the Premier's residence at 7.05 a.m. that morning had already decided to declare war on the United States.—Associated Press.

Prosperous But Not Happy

KYOTO, JAPAN, NOV. 26. ITOSHII, THE SAMURAI SWORD MAKER IS BUSY AND PROSPEROUS BUT NOT ALTOGETHER HAPPY.

Hundreds of swords and sabres, many among artistic triumphs of the craft which goes back 500 years, are going to the United States as souvenirs—to rest eventually in museums, attics and pawnshops. The thought of it pains Itoshii.

The little sword expert is in no position to say anything about it, but he would like to see at least the very fine swords placed in a museum or entrusted to collectors who appreciate the ancient art's fine points.

"You Americans think only of the eye appeal when you look at a sword," Itoshii said over a cup of tea. "You must appreciate the effort and spiritual meaning in a sword. In the old days when a man made a sword he put his heart and soul into it because it was for his master."

Itoshii is busy now repairing and reconditioning pieces that belong to the occupation troops. One ordinance collecting point at Osaka yielded approximately 3,000 swords and sabres. They were piled in room after room.—Associated Press.

Moscow And The Rest

London, Nov. 26. Moscow radio said yesterday that it was essential the United Nations Preparatory Commission "should not be dominated by any great power."

It said the Soviet Union was "ready to co-operate fully and wholeheartedly" to make the organization a success.—Associated Press.

San Francisco, Nov. 25. U.N.R.R.A. Director Frank S. Gurnea is aboard a plane en route to Korea via Manila and Tokyo where he will see General MacArthur, subsequently setting up his headquarters in Sydney.

He plans a personal study of Korea's needs.—Associated Press.

LAST JAP LEAVES WHITFIELD

WHITFIELD BARRACKS IS FINALLY CLEAR OF JAPANESE. A LAST BATCH OF NINE JAPANESE CIVILIANS WHO WERE ADJUDGED TOO ILL TO BE TAKEN TO STANLEY WERE REMOVED TO THE MILITARY P.O.W. HOSPITAL FOR JAPANESE AT LA SALLE COLLEGE, YESTERDAY AFTERNOON.

The barracks will, in course of time, probably revert to its former status as the most luxurious stable accommodation for mules. The Japanese, during their occupation of the Colony, used it primarily as billets for Independent Indians.

The barracks have, in the course of the Pacific War, come in for a full share of air attack. They were the target in the first air attack by the United States Air Force on Hong Kong on October 25, 1942. They were bombed again in 1944 and 1945.

NEW GOVERNMENT IN LUXEMBOURG

London, Nov. 26. The Brussels radio said Grand Duchess Charlotte has asked Pierre Dupong to form a new Luxembourg Government. Dupong heads the Christian Socialist Party, holding half the seats in the chamber of deputies, in which the Communists hold one-fifth. He was premier prior to last month's election.—Associated Press.

Novel Berlin Development

Berlin, Nov. 26. A novel situation was created here yesterday when Russian military police, with official permission, searched the British section of Berlin for Red deserters. British and German police watched with interest while the Reds lived up to the large group to check them.

One American military government officer said Red deserters were skipping out at a rate he called "pretty terrific."—Associated Press.

Wedemeyer Gets Tough In Shanghai

SHANGHAI, NOV. 26. ANGERED AT RAPIDLY ASCENDING PRICES IN SHANGHAI, LT. GEN. ALBERT C. WEDEMEYER, COMMANDER OF AMERICAN FORCES IN CHINA, DECLARED YESTERDAY HE WAS "DETERMINED TO SMASH THE EXPLOITATION OF AMERICANS." HE EMPHASIZED THAT HE WAS NOT BLUFFING NOR INTIMIDATING.

He said his staff was studying "the correct approach." If steps to control prices fail, Wedemeyer said he would place all "price taggers" out of bounds to troops. The Sky Terrace of the exclusive Park Hotel was placed out of bounds for naval personnel because of the 30 per cent price increase. The hotel management rescinded the price increase and agreed to confer with U.S. naval authorities before making any other price advances.—Associated Press.

Freddy Tate Show At Nuernberg

NUREMBERG, NOV. 26. WHEN RUDOLF HESS ENTERED THE DOCK AT THE NUREMBERG COURT HOUSE THIS MORNING IN THE FIFTH SESSION OF THE WAR CRIMES TRIAL OF THE TWENTY NAZI LEADERS, HE DEMANDED TO HAVE HIS PICTURE TAKEN.

HE STOOD UP WAVING HIS HANDS WILDLY UNTIL THE COURT PHOTOGRAPHER COMPLIED WITH HIS REQUEST. THIS OCCURRED BEFORE THE MEMBERS OF THE TRIBUNAL HAD ENTERED THE COURT ROOM.

The session formally opened with an application by Doctor Fritz Sauter, counsel for the former Foreign Minister, von Ribbentrop, for a secretary to be made available for Ribbentrop, to assist in the preparation of his defence, owing to the volume of material.

Dr. Sauter also asked that several of Ribbentrop's former colleagues in the German Foreign Office should be brought to Nuremberg as witnesses. It was impossible, he said, for Ribbentrop to recall details of the last eight years, equipped as at present with only a pencil and a notebook.

In the past four years, Ribbentrop had taken so many sleeping draughts particularly bromide that his memory had suffered considerably.

Lord Justice Lawrence, the presiding judge, said that the Tribunal would consider Ribbentrop's application.

Sydney Alderman, Deputy United States Prosecutor, then went to the rostrum in the centre of the Court-room.

TEN SECRET DOCUMENTS

Referring to the ten secret Nazi documents which the world heard about on Friday, he said: "This is a list of documents leaves no reasonable doubt on the aggressive war count."

The first of these documents was a speech by Hitler on November 23, 1939 to the Supreme Command of the German Armed Forces.

Goering sat back with his arms folded as Alderman read into the microphone and the smooth voice of the interpreter brought Hitler's words to the accused through their ear-phones.

Hess continued to read his book and apparently coming to a funny passage in it roared with laughter. Later, he said to leave the Court again through an attack of stomach cramps.—Reuter.

CALLING LINDBERGH

London, Nov. 26. An Exchange Telegraph report last night from Nuernberg said that Hermann Goering's defence counsel had announced he intended to call Colonel Charles Lindbergh as a witness.

He did not disclose what evidence he would seek from Lindbergh.—Associated Press.

MacArthur Welcomes The Overseers

Tokyo, Nov. 26. General MacArthur said today he hoped the Far Eastern Advisory Commission would come to Tokyo "as soon as possible" and "stay as long as may be necessary."

In a statement to-day he declared that the visit to Japan in the near future "causes me the greatest satisfaction" saying that the Commission's advice "cannot fail to be of the greatest possible assistance and support."

"Unfortunately, there has been much misinformation, at times resembling deliberate and false propaganda, circulated throughout the world even from high sources which has tended to belittle not only the truth about problems here but apparently designed to influence international opinion and international policies.—Associated Press.

MACAO: LATEST

Macao, Nov. 26. It is now reported that the cause of the present blockade is the fact that Chinese troops across the border are controlling the movement of persons throughout the Chungshan district during an anti-Communist drive.

Meanwhile, the situation remains calm.—Associated Press.

Sydney, Nov. 26. Joris Ivens, Commissioner for the Netherlands East Indies Government, told reporters to-day he was resigning because "I don't agree with the policy of the government in Indonesia."—Associated Press.

ROCKET BOMBS USED IN JAVA

BATAVIA, NOV. 26. BRITAIN YESTERDAY SENT MOSQUITO ROCKET BOMBERS INTO ACTION AGAINST THE INDONESIANS AS FIGHTING RAGED IN SOURABAYA, SEMARANG, BATAVIA AND AMBARAWA AND SPREAD TO BANDOENG.

THE ROCKET BOMBERS SCORED 13 DIRECT HITS ON JOGJAGARTA AND NINE ON THE SOEKARTA RADIO STATION FROM WHERE THE BRITISH ALLEGED THE INDONESIANS HAVE BEEN BROADCASTING VICIOUS PROPAGANDA INCITING THE PEOPLE AGAINST THEM.

The National Committee of the unrecognized Indonesian Republic met in Batavia to hear Premier Sultan Jahriur counsel patience.

The premier said: "I can see from your attitude that you are often close to despair. Whatever the difficulties our cause stands strong amid typhoons and storms which endanger our countrymen. We cannot be forced to follow a road we don't wish to take."

RECKLESS SACRIFICE

The British said that the Indonesians, without regard to loss of lives, have hurled counter-attacks against them at Sourabaya and Semarang.

Associated Press correspondent Vern Haugland reported that 300 Indonesians were killed in Sourabaya during the past 24 hours. British forces have reported the occupation of the entire Sourabaya peninsula.

The British reported that the Indonesians were shelled in their positions in Sourabaya during the night in the heaviest artillery attack yet experienced.

They added that thousands of Indonesians attacked Semarang but were driven off. The British cruiser H.M.S. "Sussex" has landed reinforcements at Semarang.

BANDOENG UPRISING

The British are concerned over what is described as a carefully planned uprising at Bandoeng

where electric and telephone lines are cut and the Indonesians fired on a hotel housing Europeans, Eurasians and Indonesians. They said that Indian troops acted swiftly to suppress the uprising.

The Dutch news agency Aneta reported that British troops are clearing out the large Nationalist pockets at Ambarawa.

At Sourabaya, an Associated Press correspondent on the scene reported, Indonesian Nationalist unsuccessfully counter-attacked British and Indian troops twice.

Meanwhile, the British extended their forces east and west of the city and occupied the entire Sourabaya peninsula.

Indonesian casualties were estimated to be heavy. No British casualties were reported. The British used American-made Sherman tanks in their advances.—Associated Press.

INTERNAL POLITICS

Batavia, Nov. 26. One hundred and twenty-five members of the Indonesian National Convention to-day discussed the composition of the working Committee of the National Convention of twenty-five members, formed to facilitate a meeting during the disturbed state of the country.

Several members, including women, accused the Committee of being composed of "intellectual aristocrats", mostly lawyers.

It was urged that representatives of other classes be included, especially the "fighting youth".

A smaller Committee, which was selected as the Working Committee, was abolished by seventy-five votes to forty-nine, after which the Convention discussed the method of selecting a new Working Committee. The Convention may go into a secret session later.

From the press seats, nearby Mrs. Soekarno, in Indonesian national costume of ankle-length flowered sarong with hip-length jacket and muvua mantilla, watched her impassive husband preside. She is from Sumatra and does not speak English.

Later, she visited a hospital, where some Indonesians alleged to have been wounded by the Dutch and Ambonese during disturbances are lying.—Reuter.

SERIOUS OUTBREAK

London, Nov. 26. Destruction of the Indonesian radio stations at Jogyakarta and Sourabaya by R.A.F. Mosquito rocket-bearing planes followed many unsuccessful approaches to Dr. Soekarno and his cabinet to check the anti-British broadcasts. In Bandoeng, "the Simla of Java," more serious disorders broke out but the Gurkhas, after firing on crowds and killing many Indonesians, now have the situation in hand and the town is quiet though far from normal.

Fighting is still taking place near the Rawad camp, at Ambarawa, scene of the massacre of Dutch women and children.

It is now officially confirmed that the Indonesians lined up the women and children and then opened fire on them with rifles and revolvers, finishing them off with hand-grenades.

The British took swift reprisals against extremists who ambushed British trucks north of Bandoeng.—Reuter.

CAR CHASE IN WANCHAI

AN EXCITING MOTOR RACE WAS WITNESSED IN HENNESSY ROAD AT ABOUT 9.30 P.M. LAST NIGHT WHEN TWO J.E.P.s, DRIVEN BY NAVAL PATROLS WERE SEEN CHASING A PRIVATE SEDAN CAR, NO. 118, AT A TERRIFIC SPEED.

Eventually, the sedan crashed into a pillar outside No. 417, Hennessy Road, and the driver, who was seen to be bleeding from the head, got out of the car and ran away.

The car had earlier been reported missing after it had been parked outside the Hong Kong Hotel in Pedder Street some time in the afternoon.

The "borrower" was dressed in European clothing, and escaped in the direction of Causeway Bay.

GETTING A LITTLE WEARIED OF AUSTERITY

LONDON, NOV. 26. "SOMETIMES I FEEL WE WERE BETTER OFF THEN." THIS FEELING IN BRITAIN, A KIND OF NATIONAL WEARINESS OF THE HARSHIPS OF DAY-TO-DAY LIFE, OUGHT TO BE RECOGNISED FOR THE PART IT PLAYS IN ANGLO-AMERICAN RELATIONS.

THE BRITON READS IN HIS NEWSPAPER THAT SHOES ARE OFF RATION IN THE UNITED STATES AND THEN, WALKING THE STREETS IN A PAIR HE HAS HAD MENDED AND RE-MENDED, HE SEES NOTHING TO-DAY SIGNS IN ONE STORE AFTER ANOTHER.

Duggie Stirs Up Hornet's Nest This Time

OAK RIDGE, NOV. 26. THE WRECKING OF THE JAPANESE CYCLOTRON WAS "WANTON AND STUPID TO THE POINT OF CONSTITUTING A CRIME AGAINST MANKIND" THE ASSOCIATION OF OAK RIDGE SCIENTISTS SAID IN A STATEMENT TO-DAY.

The destruction is entirely analogous to the burning of the Louvain Library by the Germans in 1914 and 1940.

A cyclotron is a scientific instrument which is used to discover the fundamental facts of nature, the same facts that President Truman, Prime Minister Attlee and MacKenzie King have just declared are and shall remain the property of the world.

Months of continued operation by the cyclotron will at most produce barely enough bomb material to see it takes pounds of such material to make one bomb.

The scientists asserted that the "wrecking of the Japanese cyclotron was as disreputable and ill considered as would be the burning of Japanese libraries or the smashing of printing presses. This action will be condemned by all intelligent people throughout the world. Officials responsible for this act must be called to account for such pillage. Men who cannot distinguish between the usefulness of a research machine and the military importance of a 10-inch gun have no place in positions of authority."—Associated Press.

Gordon Bennett Case Hearing

MELBOURNE, NOV. 26. FORMER AUSTRALIAN MINISTER OF JUSTICE LIGHTWOOD WILL SIT IN JUDGMENT THIS WEEK IN THE JUDICIAL INVESTIGATION INTO THE CIRCUMSTANCES OF GENERAL HENRY GORDON BENNETT'S ESCAPE FROM SINGAPORE IN FEBRUARY 1942.

The investigation was ordered by the Australian government following Australian army charges that Bennett deserted his post by escaping at the time of the surrender.

A military tribunal held a hearing on the charges, behind closed doors, but has not disclosed its judgment. Bennett refused to continue participating in the military hearing and insisted on an open hearing of his case.—Associated Press.

Billy Bunter To Be New Screen Star

LONDON, NOV. 26. BILLY BUNTER, THE FAT BOY OF GREYFRIARS, BELOVED BY ALL SCHOOLBOYS, WILL BECOME THE HERO OF MOVIE CARTOONS TO BE PRODUCED BY BRITISH CINEMA MAGNATE J. ARTHUR RANK.

BILLY BUNTER IS THE PETER PAN OF SCHOOLBOYS, WHOSE ADVENTURES DELIGHT READERS OF THE MAGNET.

Bunter has long outlived other characters among whom he was once only a junior figure.

Characters like Bob Cherry and Harry Wharton, who once personified English school-life for thousands of youthful readers, have departed the scene.

Rank who is not interested in imitating Disney creations, will introduce typically British characters.

He has engaged David Hand, an American cartoon veteran of 20 years' experience, who was supervising director of Snow White, Bambi, and Victory Through Air Power.

Hand is already at work with a staff of 60 British artists creating new characters and ideas.

He expects to have more than 2,000 people working on cartoons.

He says that Billy Bunter in movie cartoons will be better than ever.

Inventor of Billy Bunter, Charles Hamilton, who wrote under the pseudonym "Frank Richards," has invented new sets of characters, who may become movie cartoon figures.

Hamilton, a 69-year-old bachelor, estimates that his total output on Bunter and his colleagues has been 60,000,000 words, for which he received an annual pre-war income of £2,500.

San Francisco, Nov. 25. The Manzanar relocation centre for Japanese closed yesterday as the last of some 8,000 departed for their homes.

The war-relocation authority expects the Arizona and Arkansas centres to be closed by December 1 and Tulare centre by February, 1946.—Associated Press.

Norway Would Rather Be A Neutral

OSLO, NOV. 26. THERE IS A WIDESPREAD FEELING IN NORWAY AGAINST THE COUNTRY'S PARTICIPATION IN ANY INTERNATIONAL BLOC AT PRESENT AND AN ENORMOUS HOPE THAT THE UNITED NATIONS ORGANIZATION WILL SUCCEED AND THUS BE THE SALVATION OF SMALL NATIONS.

Reports of rivalry about bases between the United States and the U.S.S.R., involving Iceland and Spitzbergen, foster uneasiness.

By and large, people are still nervous about Soviet proximity. The remarkably fine behaviour of the Red Army in Finland and its prompt withdrawal have done much to assuage this feeling, even in the Right Wing.

An enormous reparations bill has been put in against the Germans in order to be able to take over the many Nazi properties in Norway.

Norwegians are a bit sore that the big powers are now mulling in on the "whaling business" but many feel that nobody will be able to compete with the heavy Norwegian seaman in the Arctic—and that spirit, which applied to other questions, gives one faith that this little country will recover with vigour.—Reuter.

BRITISH MILITARY ADMINISTRATION, HONG KONG.

GENERAL ADMINISTRATION BRANCH

NOTICE

1. Medical Facilities

Civil Affairs Personnel, Essential Services Workers and dependents of Volunteers may obtain medical advice and treatment as follows:

2. Medical Clinics

Gloucester Hotel, First Floor, Tel: 25633
Fire Brigade Building, Ground Floor, Tel: 32953
Peninsula Hotel, First Floor, Tel: 58081 Ext. 39
Kowloon Hospital-Out Patient Clinic
Queen Mary Hospital-Out Patient Clinic

The hours of attendance are:

09.00-12.00
14.00-16.30

3. Special Consultations

(a) Eye Consultations are held by Dr. T. P. Lee at Queen's Road, Out Patient Dept. on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday from 09.00-12.00 hours or at Kowloon Hospital on Mon., Wed and Fri. from 09.00-12.00 hours.

(b) Dental Service can be obtained at Gloucester Bldg., Room 416 Tel: 20785
King's Building, First Floor, Tel: 31567
Hours of consultations are 09.00-12.00 hours 11.00-16.30

(c) Surgical, Medical, Gynaecological, Ear, Nose, and Throat etc. consultations can be arranged at the Queen Mary Hospital and Kowloon Hospitals by individual appointment through the Medical Officer at the Clinics or directly through the Medical Officer in charge of the Hospital concerned.

4. Hospital Facilities

Full hospital facilities for the treatment of emergency and other conditions have been established at

(a) Queen Mary Hospital
MO/c Dr. Griffith Tel. 34144

(b) Kowloon Hospital
MO/c Lt. Col. Wilkinson Tel. 59838

(c) Nethersole Hospital
MO/c Dr. R. M. Alderton Tel. 27787

5. Emergency and Night Calls

In cases of emergency the Medical Officer on duty can be reached by telephone outside ordinary hours as follows

Hong Kong: Gloucester Hotel, 8th Floor, Tel: 28141
ask for doctor on call (Capt. Lee or Capt. Abraham)

Kowloon: Peninsula Hotel, Room 514, Tel: 58081 (Dr. H. C. Ho)

Essential Services personnel whose firms have medical officers are expected to contact their own officer in case of emergency.

6. Ambulances

With the present scarcity of transport arrangements for an ambulance should be made through a Medical Officer.

In case of emergency ambulances are available as follows:—

Hong Kong: Naval Dockyard Tel: 30361
Ext. 45. 08.00-16.00 hrs.
Ext. 118. 16.00-08.00

Kowloon-R.A.F. Tel: 56813
or R.N. Tel: 50077

7. Civil Affairs Officers should make appointments by telephone for Clinic and Special Consultations to avoid unnecessary waste of time.

C. B. H. DELAMAIN,
Colonel,
D. C. C. A. O. (Mil).

THE CHINA MAIL

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THE CZECHS

The emergence and quick practical achievements of Czechoslovakia after World War I demonstrated the hard-headed quality of her people, who had managed to steer their national movement clear of mythical aberrations common among suppressed communities. Sure of their objective, they were no less ready to compromise than to be ruthless, and although they erred badly in demanding a frontier which enclosed a disruptive minority of 3,000,000 Germans, all other elements in the composite State were so successfully unified that in industrial prosperity and social security it soon outstripped its contemporaries to become a rival of older Powers. That is why, when the Nazis arose to dominate the Central European scene, they were especially determined upon quick obliteration of the Czechs. But the latter were too sturdy to be obliterated by six years of systematic oppression, and now, hardly six months after their liberation, they are busy reconstructing their economy, while neighbours pursue powers politics and indulge in fratricidal ideologies. As befits the most representative Czech of our times, President Benes has brought to bear on his native wisdom the wealth of experience often painful gained during the last decade. Soon after the Munich sell-out, unverified reports were current that he had refused Russia's offer of armed assistance for fear of Communist contamination. But whatever his past prejudices or beliefs, he has evidently for some time recognized that Czechoslovakia's interests require unquestionable friendship with Russia. Hence the graceful cession of Ruthenia, which may have made the Red Army less interfering in Czechoslovakia than elsewhere. Nevertheless, such information as can be got indicates that the "pyramidal structure" of Sovietization is so far invisible in Czechoslovakia, and as long as Dr. Benes remains President, political democracy—as understood in Western countries—is unlikely to be discarded. All seem agreed that, if the elections are to yield stable results, they must be postponed until the disorganization left by the Germans has been set right, and displaced Czechs are home again. Public opinion in Czechoslovakia, however, is not so easily won over. In the meantime, the central Administration shares power with the national committees set up during the Nazi occupation. These, which enjoy a degree of regional autonomy hitherto unknown in Czechoslovakian local government, are fostering a process of democratic decentralization. Like other practical-minded folk, the Czechs at times seem hard; and in their understandable anxiety to rid themselves of the Sudeten Germans they may be creating fresh causes of European instability, which would hold up their own recovery. Even after the Potsdam agreement to effect the expulsion humanely, refugees evicted from Czechoslovakia without spare clothing, food or money were flowing in a continuous flood north-westwards to Saxony and south-westwards to Bavaria, where the Swiss Red Cross struggled with a gigantic task of relief. Conditions in such bottlenecks as Stettin and Breslau were appalling. Of late there has been some improvement. Nevertheless, Dr. Rypka, the Czech Minister of Commerce, recently reiterated (as is understandable, in view of his country's sufferings) that too much sympathy is felt for Germans in certain quarters. To British representations, Dr. Benes replies that, life with the Sudeten being impossible for Czechoslovakia, they must leave; and so in a pitiable stream they move into adjoining regions, taking with them perhaps the seeds of famine, pestilence and anarchy. It is a great and probably inevitable German disaster, the Nemesis of Nazism.

VIET MINH INVITED.

Saigon, Nov. 26. The High Commissioner for French Indo-China, Admiral Thierry Durgallieu, announced today he had personally invited the Viet Minh (Nationalist) leaders to get in touch with him.—Reuter.

Para Troops Surround Settlements

JERUSALEM, NOV. 26. BRITISH AIRBORNE TROOPS TO-DAY SURROUNDED THREE JEWISH SETTLEMENTS AND ORDERED A CURFEW ALONG A LARGE SECTION OF THE PALESTINIAN COAST AFTER A "PARTY OF ARMED JEWS" HAD ATTACKED TWO COAST-GUARD STATIONS AND WOUNDED 14 POLICE.

The disorders are believed to be connected with the capture yesterday of a Greek motor schooner which brought 200 illegal Jewish immigrants to the coast, where all except six managed to land and disperse.

A Jewish spokesman said: "We had nothing to do with last night's attacks and we will resist any military or police searches in our settlement."

An Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Cairo reported that riots broke out in Palestine and that clashes occurred at Tel Aviv between police and Jews. Associated Press.

CURFEW BREAKING. Jerusalem, Nov. 26. Masses of Jews broke through the curfew curfew breaking by thousands of Jews on the Palestine coastal roads and obstruction of British para-troops engaged in searching for illegal immigrants appear to have contributed to a worsening of the situation.

The Jewish inhabitants of Haifa have crowded into the large Jewish collective settlement of Givat Haam, determined to hold out there as long as the troops of the Sixth British Airborne troop are maintaining a cordon round the settlement.

This is a manoeuvre rendering impossible the effective investigation by troops searching for illegal immigrants, believed to have landed from the Greek ship Dimitrios last week.

Thousands of Jews have assembled along the coastal road between Tel Aviv and Herzlia, disregarding the twelve hour curfew. Reuter.

Keep Moving Arrives

Another E.N.S.A. Show arrived in Hong Kong yesterday by sea. It is called "Keep Moving" and has certainly lived up to its name. Pat Gaye who produced the show, suggested the idea to Major M. Brennan O.B.C. E.N.S.A. Hong Kong when they were both in Burma. Gaye was sent to Calcutta to assemble his cast.

They flew to Burma but had not been there two days when they were shipped with the landing forces for Singapore. When they arrived there they gave their first performance in Malaya within half an hour of landing to 500 R.A.P.W.I. on the dock where the R.A.P.W.I. were waiting to embark.

Then followed a hectic time of three shows a day—to P.O.V. Camps until they left for Bangkok and Saigon. Now they are in Hong Kong and will appear at the N.A.A.F.I. Canton Club Kowloon to-night and for the remainder of the week, twice nightly at 8 and 8 o'clock.

The Company consists of Pat Gaye, Cyril Sherwood, who were married three weeks ago in Bangkok, and George Rita Mason and Frank Trewitt. In a nonstop revue devised and produced by Pat Gaye.

CORRESPONDENCE

A PROTEST

Sir,—You are the most popular medium for displaying opinions on topical events, so we are writing to you in the hope you will advertise these facts and start the ball rolling for us. These facts hurt!

Our platoons are ashore guarding Japanese Naval P.O.V. members—they are the bitches everyone hated bitterly three months ago! They work very little, or do nothing at all. They are having regular and very decent meals, which our lads don't get. They mustn't be doubled, shouted at, or treated in any harsh manner. We are even told rather ordered to return all salutes, no matter how sarcastical, the salute is applied by them.

Even. We are directly ordered to treat them as we would our own (the penalty for disobeying that is served)—by our own officers, but these are only under orders. We are given no explanations, just—"do as you are told." Who is responsible for all this—whoever it is, they've soon forgotten what kind of 'people' these Japanese are. It was similar after the last war to the result—this war.

Amin we ask—Who is responsible for our forced fraternization? Is this what we fought for? INDIGNANT SAILORS.

ST. ANDREW'S DAY

A Scottish Gathering will take place on St. Andrew's Day on Friday at 8 p.m. in St. John's Club (St. John's Cathedral Hall) Garden Road.

A concert consisting of pipers, Scottish folk songs, recitations, etc., will be given and refreshments provided. All interested are welcome.

The usual Tea Meeting will be held at 2.30 p.m. in St. Andrew's Vicarage, Kowloon. Members and friends are welcome.

Annual Hunt For The Haggis Sees Revival

SCOTS WILL HAVE WALLACE BLEED ARE ON THE WAREFATH ONCE MORE TO BRING SCOTS IN-FLUENCE BACK INTO THE COLONY'S SOCIAL WORLD. NEXT FRIDAY WILL BE ST. ANDREW'S NIGHT AND ALL SCOTSMEN, SOLDIERS, SEAMEN, AIRMEN AND THAT DOUR CROWD WHO ARE STRUGGLING WITH THE COLONY'S FINANCIAL REHABILITATION SCHEME ARE DETERMINED THAT ST. ANDREW'S NIGHT MUST BE CELEBRATED. THE COMBINED SERVICES' OFFICERS CLUB ARE TO HOLD A ST. ANDREW'S NIGHT DINNER AND BALL AT THE PENINSULA HOTEL IN THE TRADITIONAL MANNER AND AN ATTENDANCE OF OVER 1,000 IS LOOKED FORWARD TO.

Determination has reached the point where, should any hitch arise to the plans in hand, the Colony must collapse. The Empire cannot do without Scotland. Neither can the Colony. The Scots influence on the Colony's press has always been notorious.

In the good old pre-war days when it was possible to be a connoisseur of whiskies, there was a Scottish backbones even to the Hong Kong Police. The sterling blue was an unimpeachable one as long as Scotsmen held on to the penicils. Hong Kong University was overhauled with professors who spoke either with the Highland or the Lowland burr.

CATCHING THE CUBS. Young newspapermen on their first rounds of the Police Stations at night would be greeted by a genial Scot. "Have the police been doing anything today? Of course, the Police never sleep. Let's see what we do have here. Here's something. A haggis was shot at."

G.O.C.'S VISIT TO CHUNGKING

MAJOR-GENERAL F. W. FESTING, C.B.E., D.S.O., G.O.C. LAND FORCES, HONG KONG, RETURNED ON SATURDAY FROM A VISIT TO CHUNGKING DURING WHICH HE MET GENERAL LISSIMON CHANG, KAI-SHIK, HEAD RANKING OFFICERS OF THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT FORCES AND MEMBERS OF THE GOVERNMENT.

The purpose of the visit was to establish personal contact with the Generalissimo and senior army commanders in order to exchange ideas and arrange closer co-operation as a result of mutual acquaintance.

General Festing expressed himself as deeply impressed by the cordiality of his welcome and by the hospitality shown him. The Generalissimo gave a dinner party for him, the Commander-in-Chief of the Central Government Army gave a cocktail party in his honour and the Chief of Staff a luncheon party. Among others he met during his stay were the Minister of War, the Director of Military Intelligence, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, the Minister of Information, General Chiang Kai-shek, and General Sun Li-shan, Commander of the First Army, an old friend who fought with the G.O.C. in Burma.

Relations between Hong Kong and Canton were the subject of cordial conversations with General Chang and General Sun. On his return the G.O.C. gave it as his opinion that the results of the visit would go beyond the increase of mutual goodwill that had undoubtedly been achieved. Practical and material advantages in the great work of post-war reconstruction would, he believed, accrue to both sides.

Kidnapping Coup Fails

A ransom of 20 million dollars was demanded by gangsters when Mr. Ho Kai-shui, a leading Canton merchant, was kidnapped from his private residence on Saturday evening.

Mr. Ho resides at No. 14, San Sam Hong Street, in the heart of Canton. He was having his evening meal with his family, when three armed men with revolvers, forced their way into the house. The gangsters took him to an ancient building on the outskirts of the city.

Mrs. Ho and a man followed the gangsters without their notice and found the hideout. They then informed the Police and an emergency squad was immediately sent to the scene.

As a result of the raid, five men were arrested. Before the incident, a letter was sent demanding 20 million dollars. The kidnappers alleged that Mr. Ho had made a lot of money during the Japanese occupation.

Mr. Ho is the proprietor of the Sai Nam Dispensary in Tai Ping Road.

HIT-AND-RUN DRIVER

Poon Fuk-choong, 26, at No. 48, Bulkeley Street, Hinghomb, was admitted to the Kwong Wah Hospital, with injuries received on being knocked down by an unidentified car in Waterloo Road at about 8.15 p.m. yesterday. He was discharged after treatment.

BRITISH VIEWS ON DARDANELLES

Istanbul, Nov. 26. The Turkish Government has been handed a Memorandum on the British Government viewpoint on the question of the Dardanelles Straits. It is reliably reported to-day.

The report adds that the British attitude is the same as that recently stated by the United States Secretary of State, Mr. James Byrnes, who proposed that the Straits be opened at all times to all merchantmen and to warships of countries bordering the Black Sea.—Reuter.

URUGUAY'S SLAP AT ARGENTINA

MONTEVIDEO, NOV. 26. FOREIGN MINISTER EDUARDO RODRIGUEZ LARRETA SAID TO-DAY THAT THE URUGUAYAN PROPOSAL FOR COLLECTIVE INTERVENTION AMONG AMERICAN NATIONS WHEN ONE DENIES PEOPLE ESSENTIAL RIGHTS AND FAILS TO FULFIL INTERNATIONAL OBLIGATIONS REFERRED SPECIFICALLY TO ARGENTINA.

Interviewed, Larreta described the proposal in the note handed to United States Ambassador William Dawson as an amplified answer to the recent United States note on the Argentine question. He added that the Uruguayan note goes beyond the Argentine question and tends to create a system to solve future situations among the American nations.

"My government is waiting other American foreign offices to take the initiative in deciding how this multi-lateral examination is to be made."

The proposal would mark a sharp departure from previous policies which have been strongly against interference in their internal affairs, stemming Latin-American fears of the United States.—Associated Press.

It's A Good Trip If You Love Scenery

(From A Correspondent)

AS SOON AS THE RESUMPTION OF THE THROUGH SERVICE ON THE RAILWAY TO KOWLOON WAS ANNOUNCED THERE WAS A RUSH OF PASSENGER TRAFFIC SO MUCH SO THAT WITHIN A WEEK A RACKET WAS SET UP. IT IS NOTHING MORE OR LESS THAN THE CORNERING OF PASSENGER-TICKETS.

Every morning at 7 o'clock a queue of people lines up before the ticket office, but it will never come to your turn before the train leaves, unless you are about tenth in the line.

If you are worldly wise, you look around and forthwith you will be approached by a friendly soul sympathising with you in your predicament and offering you a ticket subject to a little tea money. The official fare is, as everyone knows, C.N.\$1,820 a person, but with the addition of tea money the amount will be anywhere between C.N.\$4,000 to \$6,000.

Most people anxious to leave for Hong Kong are only too willing to pay the extra cost: at the same time there are others who wait overnight so as to be the first in line in the ticket queue next morning.

TRAIN JOURNEY

The train leaves on schedule but due to the condition of the track it proceeds slowly, stopping at Sun Tong, Sheklung, Chungmuk-tau, Pingwu and Shumchun for about ten minutes at each place, except at Chungmuktau when we spent about twenty to thirty minutes, as there we had to await the up-train from Kowloon.

At each stopping place, passengers embarked and disembarked. Most of them are travelling traders and had with them bundles of dried pork, preserved duck, sausages, chickens, ducks, vegetables and what-not.

In conversation with these people, it was learned that they are able to make a comfortable living bringing merchandise down to Hong Kong, owing to the high value of the Hong Kong dollar.

CHEAP FOOD

No food is served on the train but you did not get hungry, for the underprising spirits at each stopping place board the train and offer almost anything in the eatable line: the most popular items being chicken and rice at C.N.\$100 a bowl, rice noodle with beef at C.N.\$50 a bowl, and fruits at each price, but all much cheaper than other in Canton of Hong Kong.

You need not, therefore, have your breakfast before you take the train: only make sure you have sufficient national currency notes on you, as Hong Kong notes are not accepted by these hawkers.

If you happen to love scenery you will not mind the pace of the train. You will see the countryside, the trees and the rice fields along the route, will notice that owing to the absence of rain the crops have been badly affected, and you will be able to see the mountains portend for the coming harvest.

The worst ordeal of the journey is, however, the passage through the Shatin Tunnel. As most of the windows and shutters are broken, there is nothing to do but to cover mouths and nostrils before the train will not break down before it gets out. As we emerged from the tunnel to see once again Kowloon Tong, we heaved a sigh of relief, for at last we were at our journey's end. I mean the end of our journey to Hong Kong.

Remembering, however, that the war has ended only three months, we cannot expect pre-war comfort in travel. It is enough that there should be a train running.

European Seaman Gets Five Years

PETER DAVIS STENHOUSE, FIREMAN, OF THE S.S. SAMNEIGH, WAS SENTENCED TO FIVE YEARS' HARD LABOUR AT THE STANDING MILITARY COURT YESTERDAY, FOR WOUNDING EDWARD CECIL VERNON SMITH WITH INTENT TO MURDER, AND THREE YEARS' FOR INFLECTING GRIEVOUS BODILY HARM, THE SENTENCES TO BE RUN CONCURRENTLY.

The Court comprised Mr. Leo D'Almada, president, Captain C. D'Almada and Mr. D. H. Blake.

Mr. F. X. D'Almada, assisted by Lieut. M. E. P. Jump, of the Provost Marshal's Office, appeared for the prosecution, while Mr. Hin-shing Lo, instructed by Mr. Alfred Y. Hon, was for the defence.

Stenhouse, in the witness box, stated that he did not commit the offence with which he was charged. He went ashore on the evening of October 28, with Thomas Thewlis and William Hockings. They went to a cafe in Kowloon and had a bottle of grape-juice to drink, and then to another cafe for another bottle. Then they returned to the first cafe, where they had a further drink of brandy. He left the ship at approximately 6 p.m. and did not return until some time after 11 p.m. The last he could recollect was that he saw many rickshaws outside the cafe. He did not remember anything of the events which followed, evidence had been given by Jeffries, Cpl. Milo or any other witness.

William Hockings, giving evidence for the defence, said that with accused, J. Clarkin and Thomas Thewlis, he went to the cafe in Kowloon for drinks. Finally

America Makes Enquiry About Iron

WASHINGTON, NOV. 26. IT WAS LEARNED TO-DAY THAT THE UNITED STATES HAS APPEARED DIRECTLY TO MOSCOW FOR INFORMATION ON OPERATIONS OF THE RED ARMY FORCES IN REVOLT-TORN NORTHERN IRAN.

In the view of some Allied diplomats here, the Iranian affair is rapidly approaching a critical point, and the Soviet Union's response to the Washington note may determine whether and how quickly that point is reached. Friendly relations between Britain, the United States and Russia are involved.

Britain and Russia signed a treaty with Iran to respect its independence. The United States got a loud interest in Iran two years ago when President Roosevelt, Prime Minister Churchill and Generalissimo Stalin signed a declaration assuring Iran full independence.

Iran long has been regarded by diplomats as a post-war trouble spot because the Soviet Union and the British Empire meet there at close quarters.—Associated Press.

Rifle Range Reopening

THE HONG KONG RIFLE ASSOCIATION RANGE AT KOWLOON CITY IS NOW BEING ATTENDED TO BY A RANGE WARDEN AND ONE ASSISTANT WHO ARE DOING THEIR UTMOST TO PREVENT FURTHER LOOTING OF MARKSMEN'S PARAPHERNALIA.

Conditions have reached that healthy stage where local Service teams are awaiting a challenge from any other eight willing to take them on. Garrison Headquarters, at the Peninsula Hotel, Kowloon, will accept challenges and pass them on to other teams carrying a chip on their shoulder on the point of who are the best Blesley eight in the Colony.

The Royal Engineers are carrying out immediate repairs necessary to the range, and it is hoped that it will be in complete working order in a few weeks. Enthusiasts are reminded, however, that it will be some time before such novelties as clay-pigeon shooting will be re-introduced.

Damage to the Clubhouse has been extensive, due to looting and it will probably be some weeks before repairs are started on the Clubhouse itself.

GOSANO-LANG WEDDING

A quiet wedding took place yesterday afternoon at the St. Teresa's Church, Kowloon Tong, when Miss Hazel Lang, second daughter of the late Mr. J. Lang and Mrs. Lang, became the bride of Dr. E. L. Gosano, of Kowloon Hospital.

The bride who wore a lovely snow-white chiffon dress, white straw hat with veil and white shoes, carried a bouquet of white gladioli.

Miss Vivienne Jox, bridesmaid, was dressed in old-rsion chiffon and carried a bouquet of African daisies. The best-man was Mr. A. V. Gosano, the groom's brother.

The Rev. Fr. Joy officiated, with the assistance of Rev. Fr. Granelli. A reception was held later at No. 1, Beltran Road.

Stenhouse was dead drunk and witness had to put him in a rickshaw.

Thomas Thewlis gave similar evidence.

DEFENCE SUBMISSION

Mr. Hin-shing Lo said that his client faced two serious charges, the first of which was the charge of attempted murder should not be used to strengthen the case. Accused was under the influence of liquor, and was not capable of intent. He had taken a large quantity of brandy. His madness was due to the poison in the Dragon brandy, a Japanese production. He asked for acquittal in both charges.

Mr. D'Almada, for the prosecution, submitted that the evidence showed accused to be capable of walking down the gangway which was very high, and that when he met Cpl. Milo, he said he had stabbed the victim. There had been previous trouble on board, as Smith was responsible for reporting a theft from the store to the purser of the ship. This was more or less an act of revenge against Smith by accused.

After the Court had retired for ten minutes, Mr. Leo D'Almada announced a verdict of guilty on both charges.

NOTICE

I am practicing on my own account under the firm name of P. C. WOO & CO., Solicitors, at the Bank of East Asia Bldg. (1st floor) Telephone No. 26087.

Dated the 27th day of November, 1945.

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BRITISH MILITARY ADMINISTRATION, HONG KONG
POLICE AND PRISONS
BRANCH
MONEY CHANGERS

Under the terms of the Miscellaneous Licences Ordinance of 1933 no person may carry on the business of Money Changer unless he is licensed.

All persons wishing to continue their Money Changing business must apply to the Commissioner of Police immediately for licences.

C. H. SANSOM,

Colonel,

C.A. Police.

Hong Kong,
22nd November, 1945.

BRITISH MILITARY ADMINISTRATION, HONG KONG
POLICE AND PRISONS
BRANCH
PAWNBROKERS' LICENCES

No person may carry on the business of pawnbroking in Hong Kong unless he is in possession of a licence to do so.

Applications for licences must be made to the Commissioner of Police without delay. Old licences should if possible accompany the applications.

C. H. SANSOM,

Colonel C.A.

Police and Prisons Branch.

Hong Kong,
22nd November, 1945.

CLUB LUSITANO

Will those who were members of the above Club in December, 1941, please attend an unofficial meeting at the Club House on Sunday, 2nd December, 1945, at 11.30 a.m.

L. E. Busto

Fred A. Xavier

Owing to an inadvertence, the meeting was announced in the Sunday Herald to take place on the 13th instead of the 2nd December, 1945.

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Military Pensions Ban In Japan Hits At Vital Spot

COMMUNISTS AND ATOMIC BOMB

LONDON, NOV. 26. A RESOLUTION WAS CARRIED AT THE COMMUNIST PARTY CONGRESS DEPLORING ATTEMPTS NOW BEING MADE TO UTILISE THE ATOMIC BOMB FOR NARROW AND NATIONAL PURPOSES.

The resolution told the governments of Britain and the United States that such attempts, while foredoomed to failure, were also seriously imperilling that international cooperation which alone could avert the dangers of a third world war.

The resolution also demanded immediate sharing of atomic bomb secrets between the three big powers and urged that ultimate control should rest with the security council of the United Nations.

Gathering Of The Arab Clans

Jerusalem, Nov. 26. Nuri Said Pasha, former Premier of Iraq and chief architect of the "Greater Syria" plan which was formulated by King Hussein of Transjordan, to unite all Arabs in the Near East, has been called to assist Jamil Mardam Bey, chairman of the present session of the Arab League Council, in overcoming difficulties facing the newly-appointed Palestine Higher Arab Committee.

He is arriving in Jerusalem from Baghdad this evening on his way to Cairo for tomorrow's meeting of the Council, and is to be present at the meeting of the Higher Committee, postponed until his arrival.

A Palestine Arab delegation which was officially invited to Cairo by Mardam Bey is expected to arrive there on Wednesday.

C.I.O. PLAN TO DICTATE

San Francisco, Nov. 26. Effective December 1, the C.I.O. Longshoremen and Warehousemen Union will cease commercial cargo loading of ships which it believes should be assigned to troops returning home, announced President Harry Bridges.

"The measure will include all ships taken off the troop runs and converted to commercial purposes," Bridges telegraphed to Secretary of Navy Forrestal.

REPATRIATION OF JAPS IN CHINA

Peiping, Nov. 26. Repatriation of Japanese troops through Tangku will be completed December 4, according to a spokesman of the 11th war zone administration. The port freezes early in December, and thereafter movement will continue through Tsingtao.

New York, Nov. 26. The publication "Iron Age" said today the steel industry is putting up a solid front which may result soon in a bitter fight on union wage demands and governmental price policies.

TOKYO, NOV. 26. LIFE OF THE UNSTEADY SHIDEHARA CABINET APPEARED TO-DAY TO BE FORESHORTENED BY A SOLAR PLEXUS BLOW IN THE NEWEST ORDER FROM ALLIED HEADQUARTERS FOR ELIMINATION OF MILITARY PENSIONS. THE CABINET DOWNFALL IS EXPECTED AFTER THIS WEEK'S SESSION. THE PENSION ISSUE CROWNS A SERIES OF UNSOLVED DOMESTIC PROBLEMS CERTAIN TO BRING SHARP CRITICISM OF THE GOVERNMENT FROM THE ELECTION-CONSCIOUS DIET. IN ADDITION THERE ARE THE RECURRENT HEADACHES OF THE HOUSING CRISIS, THE ACUTE COAL SHORTAGE WHICH THREATENS THE SUSPENSION OF KEY INDUSTRIES IN RECONVERSION ACTIVITIES.

Some steel plants already are shut down, the Japanese press reports.

Critical tones are expected in today's opening of the 89th extraordinary Diet session. The Social Democrats announced they would challenge the war responsibility of some Diet members, including Speaker Toshio Shimada in the House of Representatives.

Popular support is expected for the order for a heavy wartime profits tax, but the pen-

An Illegal "Blitz" Charged

Manila, Nov. 26. A Japanese officer, Colonel Kira, of the 14th Army Group in the Philippines, testified at the Yamashita war crime trial today that calls for rice and other supplies from Japanese occupied India-China went unanswered due to the American sea and air blockade.

He asserted that Lieut.-General Yamashita was greatly concerned over the food situation and had expressed his desire that the Allied internees and prisoners of war be taken care of properly.

Kira added that Yamashita had issued an order prohibiting his soldiers from stealing from civilians.

The Supreme Court of the Philippines today reserved its decision on the plea of Lieut.-General Yamashita's counsel that he was being illegally "blitzed" before a firing squad" by high-ranking American generals.

The plea was made in a request for a habeas corpus writ which contended that the United States Military Commission hearing of Yamashita's case was without jurisdiction and held that the Philippine Court was the proper tribunal. Counsel for defense asked that the Philippine court assume jurisdiction and take Yamashita into custody.

ROCKEY FLIES BACK
Chungking, Nov. 26. Concluding a brief visit to Generalissimo and Madame Chiang Kai-shek, Marine Maj.-Gen. Keller Rockey, Commander of the Third Amphibious Corps in China, flew back to Shanghai late yesterday.

It was considered likely by observers that the General and Generalissimo went over together the whole situation involved with the presence of American Marines in North China.

G.M. STRIKE REQUEST
Detroit, Nov. 26. The striking C.I.O. United Automobile workers have asked the General Motors Corporation again to negotiate their wage fight in public and with the aid of Federal conciliators in the interest of promoting the earliest possible settlement of the Union's thirty per-cent wage boost demand.

NEAR ITS END

Tacoma, Washington, Nov. 26. Nearer to the close of its history, the famous Americal division will soon be de-activated 269 officers and 4,476 enlisted men of the division having arrived yesterday from Yokohama aboard the U.S.S. "Admiral Coontz."

Tokyo, Nov. 26. Repatriation of Chinese and Korean coal miners from northern Japan has been resumed with the lifting of General MacArthur's ban against railroad movement of workers to four Japanese ports. The ban had been imposed to prevent overcrowding of the ports while shipping was inadequate.

Barkburn, Scotland, Nov. 26. The United States Ambassador in London, Mr. John Winant, said today that the United Nations, in addition to preventing starvation in Europe must "step up the consumption of all nutritious foods for the health of the masses and people of every country."

Tokyo, Nov. 26. The Japan Broadcasting Corporation has made the necessary preparation for the trial of television in early January, the Board of Communications announced today.

Saipan Doomed Japan
TOKYO, NOV. 26. ALLIED HEADQUARTERS TO-DAY ORDERED THE JAPANESE GOVERNMENT TO APPREHEND COLONEL TADA-SHI KAWASHIMA, FORMERLY WITH THE JAPANESE 6TH ARMY HEADQUARTERS AT HANKOW, AND DELIVER HIM TO THE SUGAMO PRISON WHERE YESTERDAY ONE MORE SUSPECTED WAR CRIMINAL GAVE HIMSELF UP.

Headquarters did not amplify its order calling for the arrest of Kawashima as he was not listed in any Japan "Who's Who."

General Kunikida Kiso, former Premier and once called "Liber" Governor of Korea entered the gates of prison outside Tokyo declaring "I believe I am innocent."

Kiso whose once bristling mustache is now cropped close said that when Saipan was captured by the American forces it became obvious that Japan had lost the war.

He conditioned his statement saying he had hopes at one time that the Philippine campaign might recapture Saipan and change the entire picture.

Emperor And People To Be Keynote?

TOKYO, NOV. 26. THE DIET SESSION WAS CONVOKED TO-DAY FOR NOVEMBER 28 AMID INDICATIONS THAT BARON SHIDEHARA WILL EMPHASIZE "CLOSE RELATIONSHIP OF THE EMPEROR AND HIS PEOPLE" AS A PLEA FOR UNITY IN IMPORTANT DOMESTIC ISSUES.

HIROHITO WILL PERSONALLY FORMALLY OPEN THE SESSION AT 11.00 ON NOVEMBER 27, READING THE IMPERIAL RESCRIPT BEFORE THE PLENARY SESSION.

The rescript in broad terms outlines the scope of the business of the session.

This instance marks firstly that the rescript will order the Diet to abolish repressive laws.

The Japanese said that Shidehara in his speech covering the entire Government problems will devote considerable attention to the Allied directives.

The Premier will also extensively discuss plans of improving the peoples' livelihood indicating contemplated measures of relief for war sufferers and war wounded.

The Cabinet, which had been working with the American authorities on the new directives, approved the speech shortly before the direction.

Interpreters will include 75-year old Takao Saito, veteran parliamentarian who was expelled from the old Minseitō Party in 1940 after vigorous questioning on the policies towards China.

Social democrats said they would attack the Government's land reformation bill because the expropriation measure was amended "too mildly."

FINN REPARATIONS

Stockholm, Nov. 26. The Finland control commission announced it would deliver goods valued at \$14,000,000 (U.S.) to Russia by the end of 1946 under provisions of the Finnish-Russian armistice "to reconstitute or replace" property the Finns carried from Soviet territory during the war.

TRAIN SMASH

London, Nov. 26. The New Delhi radio reported last night 10 passengers were killed and 15 injured in a passenger-freight train collision between Rampur and Phibhit in northern India.

400 JAPS TO GO ON TRIAL

Melbourne, Nov. 26. The Australian Army announced today that over 400 Japanese will be tried as war criminals for their activities during the war in New Britain, New Guinea and Bougainville.

Buenos Aires, Nov. 26. Several people were injured today in a clash between supporters and opponents of Colonel Peron, the strong man of Argentina.

FRANCE REJECTS CHINA REQUEST

CHUNGKING, NOV. 26. THE "CHINA TIMES" SAID YESTERDAY THAT FRANCE HAS REJECTED THE CHINESE REQUEST FOR CONVERSION OF HAIKONG INTO A FREE INDO-CHINA COASTAL PORT.

It reported rejection also of the proposal for joint control of the Haiphong-Kunming railroad.

Such a Chinese request never has been announced officially although the Chinese foreign office representative in Indo-China said Saturday that French acquiescence in such developments would be welcomed.

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He conditioned his statement saying he had hopes at one time that the Philippine campaign might recapture Saipan and change the entire picture.

U.S. To Compete

Washington, Nov. 26. A Bill which would place the United States in competition with India, Egypt, Peru and Brazil for the world cotton export market, is to be introduced to Congress by Senator James Eastland, Democrat of Mississippi.

The proposal is "to establish a gateway through the tariff walls of the United States and as a means of bridging the gap between American and world prices."

The Bill would be called the Land-Bank Bill.

The Bill would mean that the nation purchasing United States agricultural surplus could export into the United States the same amount of its own to "make it possible to sell United States cotton at low world prices."

U.S. COSTS IN PACIFIC

Washington, Nov. 26. Secretary of Commerce Henry Wallace revealed today that the United States spent U.S.\$688,000,000 on China and U.S.\$245,000,000 on the Philippines from July 1940 to June 1945.

During the same period the United States received U.S.\$149,000,000 from China and U.S.\$138,000,000 from the Philippines mostly paid to the army.

The figures do not include gold transactions.

Washington, Nov. 26. Restrictions have been lifted on servicemen's cable and radio holiday greetings, the War and Navy Departments announced today.

Plans have been made to handle a heavy exchange of messages which must be filed by December.

QUEEN'S THEATRE

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OCCUPATION OF JAPAN

The Surrender of 'NAGATO'—The Japanese Flagship

The American Air Base in OKINAWA

Arrival of General MacArthur

JAPAN SIGNS FINAL SURRENDER

On board the 57,000-ton flagship U.S.S. MISSOURI signing the document by various representatives

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IN GLORIOUS TECHNICOLOR

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MAJESTIC THEATRE

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An M-G-M Picture

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Will be celebrated in the traditional manner

BY A

DINNER DANCE

To be held in the Roco Room, Peninsula Hotel, Kowloon

ON

Friday, 30th November, 1945, at 19.00 hours

Dinner will be served from 20.30 hours

Admission By Ticket Only

Tickets—Single \$7.00, Double \$10.00

Obtainable from all Branch Secretaries

Tables are Bookable and must be claimed before 20.00 hours

The Pipes of 42 R.M. Commando Band will be in attendance

by kind permission of the Commanding Officer.

(There will be no Club Dance on Thursday Evening, 29th November, 1945.)

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Sails on 1st December for Swatow.

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OPENING FRIDAY, NOV. 30TH

Union Jack Club

QUEEN'S ROAD, HONG KONG

N.A.A.F.I./E.F.I. SERVES THE SERVICES

Communists Urge Their Peaceful Purpose

37 KILLED IN CALCUTTA DISORDERS

CALCUTTA, NOV. 26. INDIAN NEWSPAPERS HAVE DEMANDED AN INQUIRY INTO THE POLICE PART IN THE CALCUTTA RIOTS WHICH RESULTED IN SEVERAL DEATHS LAST FRIDAY.

They asked a thorough probe of the trial of Indian national army soldiers as war criminals. It was reopening of the trial which set off the spark which flamed into widespread violence. At least 37 persons, including one American soldier, were killed in the disorders, which followed demonstrations against the trial. The Calcutta situation improved yesterday with the end of the three-day strike of 20,000 Calcutta municipal employees. The strike had crippled transportation and public utility services, and had brought a threat of a water supply shortage. Associated Press.

300 CASUALTIES

Calcutta, Nov. 26. Riots initiated by students, protesting against the trial of officers of the Japanese-sponsored Indian National Army, have resulted in nearly 300 civilian casualties and injuries to 40 members of the Police Force and 26 United States Servicemen. Further demonstrations are reported from Bombay and other towns. Reuter.

LONDON, NOV. 26. THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS' DESIRE FOR A PEACEFUL SOLUTION OF THEIR DISPUTE WITH THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT WAS STRESSED IN AN ARTICLE IN THE "NEWS-CHRONICLE" THIS MORNING BY GENERAL CHOU EN-LAI, WHO REPRESENTS THE COMMUNISTS IN THE PRESENT NEGOTIATIONS IN CHUNGKING.

"UNFORTUNATELY," WRITES THE GENERAL, "THE COMMUNIST PARTY IS CONFRONTED WITH SERIOUS DIFFICULTIES AT THE HEIGHT OF THE NEGOTIATIONS THE NATIONAL MILITARY COUNCIL ORDERED THE COMMANDERS AT THE VARIOUS FRONTS TO SUPPRESS THE BANDITS."

"Government troops advancing deep into the liberated areas, under the pretext of opening up communications and disarming the Japanese, are actually fighting anti-Japanese troops."

"The Communist troops retreated at first, pending political solutions of the differences between the Government and themselves, but finally were compelled to act in self-defence. This civil war broke out."

Criticising United States policy in China, General Chou said that American troops were patrolling railways for the Central Government forces, extending financial help and even directly participating in military operations.

"The Chinese feel that their Allies should not interfere in their internal affairs. They should be left alone to decide their national problems in the spirit of the Atlantic Charter," Reuter.

League North: Blackburn 0, Manchester City 0; Blackpool 1, Huddersfield 2; Burnley 2, Bradford City 1; Bury 1, Newcastle 1; Grimsby 3, Chesterfield 3; Liverpool 0, Sheffield Wednesday 2; Manchester United 6, Leeds United 1; Middlesbrough 0, Everton 0; Sheffield United 2, Bolton Wanderers 3; Stoke City 4, Burnley 0; Sunderland 0, Preston N.E. 1.

League South: Birmingham 4, Millwall 0; Brentford 2, Swansea Town 2; Fulham 2, Charlton 2; Notts Forest 0, Luton Town 2; Plymouth Argyle 0, Arsenal 4; Portsmouth 2, Aston Villa 3; Tottenham Hotspurs 3, Chelsea 2; West Bromwich Albion 1, Southampton 2; West Ham 2, Derby 0; Wolverhampton Wanderers 3, Leicester 0.

F.A. Cup: Accrington Stanley 2, Chorley 0; Aldershot 7, Reading 3; Bradford 1, Nottingham County 2; Bristol City 3, Yeovil 0; Bristol Rovers 4, Swindon Town 1; Chesham United 0, Northampton Town 5; Cheltenham 0, Bath City 2; Gateshead 6, Hartlepool United 2; Gainsborough 4, Mansfield Town 2; Grantham 2, Kettering 2; Lincoln City 5, York Amateurs 1; Newport County 1, Torquay United 1; North Shields 2, Carlisle United 3; Oldham Athletic 3, Southport 1; Queen's Park Rangers 2, Barnet 1; Rochdale 1, Stockport County 1, Romford 1; Brighton and Hove Albion 1; Rotherham United 2, Doncaster Rovers 1; Slough 1, Bromley 0; Southend United 0, Watford 3; Stalybridge 3, Marine Crosby 3; Stockton 1, Darlington 4; Tranmere Rovers 6, South Liverpool 1; Walsall 4, Shrewsbury 1; Wellington 0, Port Vale 2; Wrexham 3, Crewe Alexandra 0; York City 4, Halifax Town 2.

Scottish (A): Celtic 2, Morton 1; Falkirk 3, Hearts 5; Hibernian 0, Queen of the South 1; Kilmarnock 2, Queen's Park 2; Motherwell 1, Rangers 2; Partick Thistle 1, Hamilton 1; St. Mirren 2, Clyde 1; Third Lanark 3, Aberdeen 1.

Scottish (B): Airdrie 4, Raith Rovers 2; Alloa 3, St. Johnstone 1; Arbroath 3, Dunfermline 1; Cowdenbeath 1, Ayr United 1; Dumbarton 0, Dundee 1; Dundee United 2, Albion Rovers 3; East Fife 7, Stenhousemuir 2.

Budapest, Nov. 25. The Minister of State Arpad Szakasits said today that the Hungarian National Assembly's first act will be to declare the nation once more people's republic. Associated Press.

Dr. Paasikivi, who is acting as temporary President, strongly denied that Marshal Mannerheim's departure to Portugal was political and that he would not return to Helsinki.

"Real reason for the Marshal's voyage was health," Dr. Paasikivi said. "His doctor told him he must spend several weeks in a warm climate but I expect him back after some time." Reuter.

Questioned about reports that the Soviet Union was seeking to negotiate friendship and mutual defence alliances with Finland, Dr. Paasikivi answered that such a question could not be raised until after the peace treaty, when it was hoped Finland would be invited to join the United Nations Organisation.

If the United Nations Organisation functioned better than the League of Nations it was hoped there would be no need for separate geographical blocs.

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"We also had differences at first over the question of war criminals but we have now agreed to interpret the armistice Clause XIII pledging their trial."

There has been much sympathy and understanding from the Soviet Union, although there have been differences over interpretation of some of the armistice clauses," said the Finnish Prime Minister, DR. PAASIKIVI, IN AN INTERVIEW TO-DAY.

"WE HAD HOPED THE FINAL PEACE TREATY WOULD BE CONCLUDED THIS AUTUMN AFTER THE LONDON CONFERENCE BUT THERE WAS NO LUCK AT THAT MEETING AND OUR PEACE TREATY, AS WELL AS OTHER QUESTIONS, WERE DELAYED."

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PRESIDENT SURPRISES MOM

Granville, Minn., Nov. 26. President Truman yesterday surprised his 83-year-old mother, Mrs. Martha Truman, by flying here from Washington to be with her on her birthday anniversary.

The President made the trip so quietly that few knew of it until shortly before he took off again for Washington. Associated Press.

Ernie Fails To Please

London, Nov. 26. The British Communist party convention unanimously demanded yesterday the removal of Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin on the ground he continued the foreign policy of the Tory government and endangered world peace and cooperation.

The Communist resolution criticized the Labour Government's policies in Greece, Spain, Russia, the "new people's government of Europe" and its attitude toward colonial peoples. Associated Press.

ALL WRONG

London, Nov. 26. The British Communist Party Congress to-day unanimously passed a resolution, criticizing the Government's policy on Greece, Spain, the Soviet Union, the new people's governments in Europe and its attitude to the colonial peoples, which it declared continued to be a conservative policy and endangered peace and economic co-operation. Reuter.

FINNS WITHOUT UMBRAGE

HELSINKI, NOV. 26. THERE HAS BEEN MUCH SYMPATHY AND UNDERSTANDING FROM THE SOVIET UNION, ALTHOUGH THERE HAVE BEEN DIFFERENCES OVER INTERPRETATION OF SOME OF THE ARMISTICE CLAUSES," SAID THE FINNISH PRIME MINISTER, DR. PAASIKIVI, IN AN INTERVIEW TO-DAY.

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SOVIET'S TERMS IN MANCHURIA

CHUNGKING, NOV. 26. THE "CHINA TIMES" PRINTED A LIST OF DEMANDS YESTERDAY WHICH IT SAID WERE PRESENTED TO CHINA BY RUSSIAN MARSHAL RODION MALINOVSKY, COMMANDER OF THE TRANS-BAIKAL FRONT. THEY INCLUDED: SINO-RUSSIAN DEVELOPMENT OF THE ANSHAN REGION COAL MINES; RUSSIAN NAVIGATION RIGHTS ON THE SUNGARI RIVER; JOINT OWNERSHIP AND OPERATION OF ALL JAPANESE AND PUPPET ELECTRIC ENTERPRISES. THE KIRIN-HEILUNGKIANG GOLD-MINE AND MAIN ARSENALS IN MANCHURIA.

Observers said acceptance of such alleged demands would make Manchuria virtually Sino-Russian territory instead of a sovereign section of China. The new "Szechwan Daily" reported airborne Government troops movements to Changchun, the Manchurian capital, would begin soon, but it did not state whether the movement is dependent on acceptance by China of the reported Russian demands.

Chinese Communist forces said to-day that the Soviet forces are holding the key of the Manchurian cities until Chinese Nationalist troops arrive to take control, but the Chungking press asserted that the Russians are making new demands as the price of such cooperation.

The extent to which Chiang Kai-shek might have to accede to Russia in order to win part control of Manchuria is occasioning conjecture here.

Some observers expressed the opinion that the demands might entail virtual joint Chinese-Russian dominion over Manchuria.

VERY FRIENDLY Nationalist newspapers indicated that the Government forces are progressing steadily with their thrusts into Manchuria. The papers said that one Government force reached Chinghsien, 100 miles inside Manchuria where the Communists had earlier predicted the first real battle for the region would take place.

Communist sources said that the Russian attitude towards Chiang's Government is very friendly. The Communists alleged that American planes are reconnoitering over the Chahar province of Inner Mongolia.

The Communist "Daily News" said that some Nationalists are hoping that the Americans "will lend a few atomic bombs to try against the Communists."

The Communists have announced the setting up of a new Chahar provincial government thus accelerating the break between Chungking and Yen'an.

SOVIET REINFORCEMENTS The Catholic newspaper "Social Welfare" said to-day that the Russians have poured an additional 20,000 men into

CHUNGKING TO MAINTAIN PEACE AND ORDER. The paper added that the Chinese Communists have been permitted to operate broadcasting stations at Changchun and to take over six of the seven Chinese newspapers published there. It said that the Communists have nominated a new mayor at Changchun but that he had not yet taken office.

Chinese reports said that Nationalist troops driving along the Peiping-Mukden railroad were under 125 miles from Mukden where the Communists are building their defences. Associated Press.

CHINHSHEN TAKEN Chinese Government forces are reported to have captured Chinghsien, strategic junction on the Peiping-Mukden Railway. Reuter.

ROME, NOV. 26. VITTORIO EMANUELE ORLANDO, 85-YEAR-OLD STATESMAN WHO WAS A MEMBER OF THE "BIG FOUR" OF WORLD WAR I, WAS REPORTED TO-DAY TO BE ATTEMPTING TO RESOLVE ITALY'S GOVERNMENT CRISIS AFTER WIDESPREAD REPORTS THAT HE MIGHT BE OFFERED THE PREMIERSHIP.

The former Premier still is vigorous despite his age. He is known to be acceptable to the powerful Christian front party as well as to the right wing Liberals and the Labour Democrats.

"Should the Communist Party agree to enter a government headed by Orlando, observers believe a Cabinet can be formed quickly. On the basis of past performances, the Communists probably will be willing to participate in any government pending the holding of national elections." Associated Press.

SEEING UMBERTO AMID THREATS OF VIOLENCE AND SPECULATION ON A MONARCHIST RESURGENCE, THE ELDER STATESMAN VITTORIO ORLANDO ARRIVED IN ROME TO A PRINCE UMBERTO ON THE POLITICAL CRISIS IN WHICH PREMIER PARRI RESIGNED.

Orlando has been mentioned prominently as Parri's successor. There has been speculation that Crown Prince Umberto might attempt to strengthen the role of the monarchists in the Italian Government but there is no official indication whether he would attempt to form a government outside the committee of national liberation.

Rumblings of discontent appeared in the heart of a general strike in Northern Italy where Parri led the resistance forces against the Nazis. Associated Press.

RADIO TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1945. GASTON D'ACQUINO (TENOR) FROM THE STUDIO.

ZBW HONGKONG broadcasting on a frequency of 640 Kilocycles and from 12.05 p.m. to 1.30 p.m. 6.05 to 7.30 p.m. and 9.00 to 11.00 p.m. also on 9.55 Megacycles.

H.K.T. 12.05 p.m.—Daily Programme Summary. 12.05 p.m.—Tchaikovsky—"The Sleeping Princess" Suite. 1.00 p.m.—News & Announcements. 1.10 p.m.—"Services Music Box"—ENBA. 1.35 p.m.—Musical Comedy Selections. 2.00 p.m.—Class Down. 2.30 p.m.—Excerpts from Gilbert & Sullivan Operas:—"Yeomen of the Guard," "Pirates of Penzance."

7.00 p.m.—London Relay—The News. 7.15 p.m.—"Melody Lingers On"—ENBA. 7.30 p.m.—B.A.P. Central Band—ENBA. 8.00 p.m.—Studio—Gaston D'Acquino (Tenor) accompanied by E. O'Neill Shaw at the Piano. 8.30 p.m.—Victrola Waltzes. 8.50 p.m.—Light Melodrama Selections. 9.00 p.m.—London Relay—The News. 9.05 p.m.—"Services Music Box"—ENBA. 9.05 p.m.—Pills Kretzler & Yehudi Menuhin—Victrola Selections. 9.45 p.m.—Chopin Waltz Hour. 10.15 p.m.—Dance Music. 11.00 p.m.—Class Down.

Programmes marked "ENBA" are recorded specially for Services Entertainment by the Department of National Service Entertainment.

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Independence Of Iran Not Involved

MOSCOW, NOV. 26. DIPLOMATIC QUARTERS SAID THAT THE SOVIET FOREIGN COMMISSAR M. MOLOTOV AND THE IRANIAN AMBASSADOR HERE WERE ENGAGED IN FULL AND FRANK DISCUSSION OF THE SITUATION IN THE AZERBAIJAN PROVINCE AND THAT MOLOTOV HAD GIVEN ASSURANCES THAT RUSSIA WOULD RESPECT IRAN'S SOVEREIGNTY.

MOLOTOV IS REPORTED TO HAVE EXPRESSED SURPRISE AT THE REPORTS THAT RED ARMY TROOPS HAD REFUSED FREE PASSAGE TO IRANIAN FORCES TRYING TO REACH THE PROVINCE.

The conversations are regarded in diplomatic quarters as leading to a possible solution of the troublesome situation.

The self-styled national congress of Soviet-occupied Azerbaijan province has demanded autonomy from the Central Iranian Government but has disclaimed any intention of violating Iran or altering the present boundaries.

Iran government officials have charged that the separatist movement in the province has been given encouragement from the outside.

The congress said it intended to attain its goals peacefully but would fight if necessary. It added that its demands would be made known to the Central Iranian government as well as to the United States, Russia, Britain and China.

In Moscow, meanwhile, the Soviet-Tass Agency reported in a Tehran dispatch that three persons were killed by the Iranian police, terrorising the residents of the Azerbaijan province. The dispatch said the persons were fleeing to escape the police.

The dispatch said that the Russians were openly sympathetic to the desire of the province for autonomy within the framework of the Iranian state and would like to see more recognition given to the people masses' party which is in close touch with the Soviet Union.

The dispatch quoted a letter from the Iranian democratic party published in the Iranian newspaper "Dag" that Iranian officials recently said that armed members of the democratic party were responsible for the separatist disorders and also contended that Soviet occupation troops prevented reinforcement of the Iranian police in the province which is adjacent to the Soviet boundary.

The Iranian Embassy in Moscow yesterday said that a declaration was expected there soon to discuss the situation. Associated Press.

STOCKHOLM, NOV. 26. A STORM OF PROTEST, CULMINATING IN UNIVERSITY STUDENT DEMONSTRATIONS, CONSERVATIVE AND LIBERAL PARTY PETITIONS TO THE GOVERNMENT AND A SOCIALIST PRESS CAMPAIGN, HAS MARKED THE DECISION TO HAND OVER TO THE SOVIET AUTHORITIES 105 BALTS, MOST OF WHOM FOUGHT WITH THE GERMAN ARMY AGAINST THE RUSSIANS.

Swedish women have urged the army lorry drivers to refuse to take the Balts to the harbours for deportation and state that they will throw fire branches in front of the lorries like mourners throwing branches before a hearse, if the deportations are carried out.

The Conservative newspaper "Svenska Dagbladet," urging the Government to reconsider its decision, said that the decision was a blot on the Swedish flag and that the Balts were "without parallel in our modern history," says that the Swedes may have to carry out orders, "which in olden times were the work, not of the hanzman but of his henchmen."

After the decision was announced, the Balts began a hunger strike, threatened suicide and also petitioned King Gustav. Reuter.

Soviet Union. Newsday, 190 pounds, out-pointed Martin Llanamata, 191 pounds, of Estonia in a six-round semi-final. Korolev, 28, defending champion, easily outpointed Levon Gunushari. Associated Press.

Reaction Sets In New York

NEW YORK, NOV. 26. THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE FEDERAL COUNCIL OF CHURCHES OF CHRIST IN AMERICA, A CENTRAL ORGANISATION WITH 27,000,000 MEMBERS FROM 25 DENOMINATIONS, ADOPTED A REPORT YESTERDAY STATING THAT "TOO EASILY WE HAVE CONDEMNED WHOLE PEOPLES BECAUSE OF THEIR RACE."

"WE HAVE HARDENED OUR HEART TO INFLICT ON THEM WHOLESALE DEATH AND DESTRUCTION, AND HAVE COME TO TOLERATE AS VICTORY AIDS, QUALITIES AND DEEDS WHICH, WHEN THEY APPEARED IN NAZISM, RIGHTLY REVOLTED US."

"Therefore, as a prerequisite to a just and durable peace, we call upon our people to cleanse themselves from the moral contamination of war."

Among the principles urged for inclusion in all treaties were: Subordination to human considerations of all strategic and economic considerations regarding territorial changes, thus conforming to "natural long-term aspirations of the inhabitants."

Assure colonial peoples "independence" or self-government within a fixed term wherever internal and international order in accordance with United Nations plans, with peace treaties making a beginning toward realisation of "the conception of an international bill of rights." Associated Press.

Limit armaments and military establishments to needs of internal and international order.

At an unofficial meeting of St. Joseph's Football Club yesterday it was decided that every effort be made to enable the Club to resume its football activities.

A committee consisting of Messrs. D. J. Leonard, A. J. Husain, F. A. Barretto and Sammy Tsang was elected to arrange for friendly games and the selection of teams.

It was also decided that the annual general meeting be held as soon as members of the Club, at present in Macao and China return to Hong Kong.

Mr. L. F. Sousa was nominated acting Hon. Secretary.

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